

PROVING LINES PARALLEL

 Use the converses of the Corresponding Angles Postulate, Alternate Interior Angles Theorem, Alternate Exterior Angles Theorem, and the Same Side Interior Angles Theorem to show that lines are parallel.



<u>Converse Corresponding Angles</u> <u>Postulate (Converse CA)</u>

If two lines are cut by a transversal and the corresponding angles are _____, then the lines are _____

<u>Converse Alternate Interior Angles</u> Theorem (Converse AIA)





<u>Converse Alternate Interior Angles</u> Theorem (Converse AEA) POK

- If two lines are cut by a transversal and the alternate exterior angles are _____, then the lines are _____
- <u>Converse Same Side Interior Angles</u> Theorem (Converse SSI)
 - If two lines are cut by a transversal and the same side interior angles are _____, then the lines are _____

Fundamental Differences Between the Original and the Converse

These determine congruent angles

- CA Postulate
- AIA Theorem
- AEA Theorem
- SSI Theorem

These determine parallel lines

- Converse CA Postulate
- Converse AIA Theorem
- Converse AEA Theorem
- Converse SSI Theorem

CONSTRUCTIONS

- **1. Duplicating a segment**
- 2. Adding and Subtracting segments
- 3. Equilateral Triangle
- 4. 60° Angle
- 5. Isosceles Triangle

CONSTRUCTIONS

- 6. Duplicating an angle
- 7. Adding angles
- 8. Duplicate Triangle
- 9. Parallel Lines